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Identification of the substance/preparation and the company/undertaking

1.1 Identification of the substance

Composition/Information on ingredients:

Chemical composition: Melamine-face MDF (Medium Density Fibreboard) covered Acrylic

coated thermoplastic polyester with additives and polyurethane primer on rear side additives: partly saponified ester waxes and silica,

with on surface acrylic UV resins with additives sheet

Physical State:

various colours Colour: Odour: very less

Hazardous ingredients:

Hazardous identification:

Not classified as dangerous according to EC Directives

3.1 **Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Endangering only in form of breathable dust, then care for protection.

CO₂ and CO develops in case of burning. Formaldehyde emission of MDF only: class E1, conforming to European standard EN 622 - 1 (≤ 3.5 mg/m²h determined according

to EN 717 - 2 gas analysis method)

3.2 With oxidising agents. Some fine grounded metals in fibres or filings Hazardous reactions:

(especially aluminium) can react with the composition.

3.3 Other data:

K E N M A R K

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4. First aid measures:

4.1 After spilling, leakage, leaving of gas: Sweep up and deposit properly.

First aid: Do not give any liquids or cause vomiting while the injured person

suffers cramps or is unconscious.

4.2 Other data:

<u>Inhalation:</u> in a solid state are no noxious effects through a appropriate handling.

After inhalation of decomposition products move to fresh air. Get

medical attention if symptoms persist.

Formaldehyde is irritant to upper respiratory tract; can sensitise the

mucous membranes and the skin.

Skin contact: Wash off in the shower or keep under running water; no noxious

effects on this way of intake. If burned by contact with molten material, cool as quickly as possible. Do not peel material from skin. If molten material contacts the eye, immediately flush with plenty of

water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses.

Get medical attention immediately.

<u>Swallowing:</u> No special first aid measures are necessary. Material is not expected

to be absorbed from the digestive system. No noxious effects on this

way of intake

Note to doctor: Burns should be treated as thermal burns. The material will come off

as healing occurs; therefore, immediate removal from the skin is not

necessary.

Fire-fighting measures:

Eye contact:

<u>Suitable extinguishing media:</u> waterspray, dry chemical, water, carbon dioxide, chemical extinguishers

(powder / foam)

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Releasing products: Carbon dioxide, steam

<u>Specific hazards:</u> The product in general is not combustible

<u>First aid:</u> If irritations through fumes in thermal processing: rest, fresh air,

symptomatic medical treatment

<u>Specific protective equipment:</u> Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective

Clothing

<u>Prevention of fire and explosion:</u> Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixtures.

Other data: Burned material and contaminated extinguishing media is to be

deposited properly. Soak carefully with water to avoid a renewed

ignition.



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Accidental release measures:

Methods for cleaning up (granules/regrind): Sweep or coop up and remove

<u>7.</u> Handling and Storage:

7.1 Storage:

storage dry and cool, avoid heat and wetness, also extreme temperature differences (because of condensed moisture). Avoid solar radiation. Earth silos to avoid charging. Avoid dust formation. Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Minimise dist generation

and accumulation. Keep container closed.

Handling:

No special precautionary measures should be needed under

anticipated conditions of use

Inhalation protection: General or local ventilation should be enough in industrial

work process

When dust formation use admitted particle filter (ISO:...) Breathing protection:

Eye protection:

Use safety goggles Wear overall with long sleeves Skin protection: Hand protection: Wear gloves to prevent burnings.

Others: Wash hands before breaks or end of the workday



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8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1 Other data for the organisation of technical constructions:

General ventilation should be enough. At processing under high temperatures use local aspirator

8.2 <u>Ingredients with workplace exposure limits:</u>

During processing of the sheets, the following ingredients can be released

Personal protection equipment

<u>Ventilation:</u> Good general ventilation of 10 or more room volume per hour in the

work area is recommended. Match ventilation rates to condition of use. Supplementary local exhaust ventilation, close systems, or respiratory protection may be needed in special circumstances such as poorly ventilated spaces, mechanical generation of dusts, heating

drying, ect.

<u>Inhalation protection:</u> In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Respirator type: dust, organic vapour.

<u>Eye protection:</u> Use safety goggles, it is a good industrial hygiene practice to

minimise skin contact. When material is heated, wear gloves to

protect against thermal burns.

<u>Hand protection:</u> Wear gloves to prevent mechanical injuries <u>Recommended Decontamination</u>

<u>Facilities:</u> eye wash, washing facilities.



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Physical and protective information:

Melting point/range: Boiling point: > 100 °C

n. a. 800 kg/m³ (at 20 °C)

Density: Steam pressure: Viscosity: n. a. n. a. Water solubility: < 0,1 pH-factor Flash Point: n. a. n. a. > 400 °C Ignition temperature: n. a.

Explosion Limits: Thermal Decomposition :

<u>10.</u> Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Chemical stability: Stable under normal storage and handling conditions

10.2 Conditions to avoid:

10.3 Products to avoid: strong oxidizing agents

10.3 Hazardous decomposition products:



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Toxicological information:

<u>Swallowing:</u>
Oral toxicology is probably very less, physiological inactive

Swallowing in form of pellets can cause constipation

Eye contact:

Solid matter or dust cause injuries of the cornea on account of mechanical effects

Skin contact:

Injuries only on account of mechanical effect. Absorption on account of physical properties not possible

On account of physical properties is an exposition of fumes at room temperature improbable. In higher temperatures fume concentrations can conduct. Those can cause irritations and other effects.

Dust can cause irritations of the respiratory tract.

12. **Ecological information:**

Behaviour in sewage plant:

The product an be mechanical separated.

General data:

No hazardous reaction in water

Disposal considerations: <u>13.</u>

Disposal of product: All efforts should be made to recycle the product. Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national or local laws. May be incinerated under controlled conditions. Dirty packaging:

Those can be recycled



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14. Transport information:

Labelling according to EEC regulations is not required.

15. Regulatory information:

15.1 <u>EG classification:</u>

15.2 <u>National regulations – Italy:</u>

Water Endangering Class: not water endangering WGK 0 [Riff legislativo ###]

Labelling according to EEC regulations not required

16. Other information:

Telephonic further enquiry when claim: +39 (0)438 4321

This product should be stored, handled and used in accordance with good industrial hygiene practices and in conformity with any legal regulations. The information contained here in is based on the present state of our knowledge and is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements. It should therefore not be construed as guaranteeing specific properties.